METROLOGY for DRUG DELIVERY



Development & validation of calibration techniques for ultralow flow rates below 100 nL/min

18HLT08 MeDD II - WP1

14th Workshop Low Liquid Flows in Medical Technology Lübeck, Germany, September 15th, 2021







The EMPIR initiative is co-funded by the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme and the EMPIR Participating States

Ultra-low flow rates - nano flows



Flow rates from 100 nL/min and down to 5 nL/min => 6 μ L/h to 0.3 μ L/h

Flow rate **100 nL/min**, time to get the droplet: **50 min**

Flow rate **5 nL/min**, time to get the droplet: **16.7 hours**





Ultra-low flow applications



Implantable Infusion Pumps









Flow rates range : 0.048 mL/day to 3 mL/day QL min= 33 nL/min

Basal rate: 0.02 U/h \rightarrow 50 U/h Q_{L min}= 3 nL/min



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Development of metrology infrastructure for ultra-low flow rates



- Develop new techniques for measurement of **flow rates down to 5 nL/min** for steady and fast changing dynamic flows.
- \triangleright Establish robust and realistic **uncertainty budgets**. Target uncertainties at 1 % (k = 2) for steady flows and 2 % (k = 2) for fast transient flows.
- ➤ Validate primary standards, needed for the characterization of drug delivery devices.



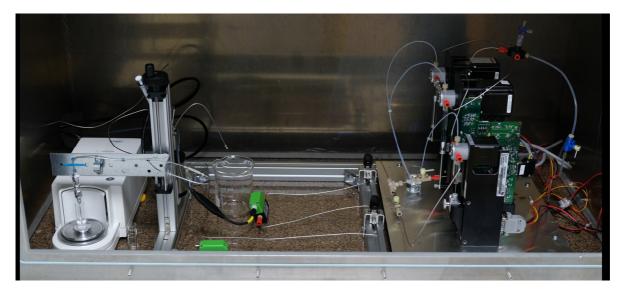
Ultra-low flow rate techniques

Gravimetric method





Steady flow rates down to \approx 15 nL/min with uncertainties of the order of 1 % (k=2) Dynamic flow rates down to \approx 20 nL/min with uncertainties from 2 to 5 % (k=2)

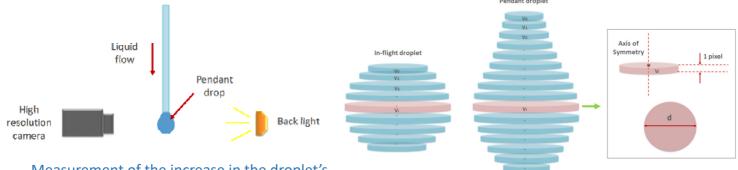




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Optical nano-flow standards: pendant drop





Measurement of the increase in the droplet's volume over time under a liquid flow

$$Q_V = \frac{\Delta V_{droplet}}{\Delta t}$$

Volume is calculated by the sum of cylindrical portions with a height of 1 pixel, assuming that the droplet is symmetrical about its axis.

The relative expanded (k=2) uncertainty is between 10 % and 3 % for 0.1 μL/min to 1 μL/min CETIAT

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Interface tracking standard

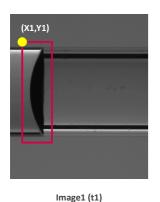




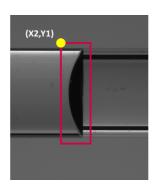


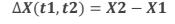


Measuring the displacement of a liquid/air or liquid/liquid interface as a function of time moving inside a glass capillary tube connected to a flow generating device









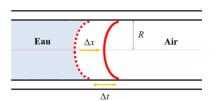
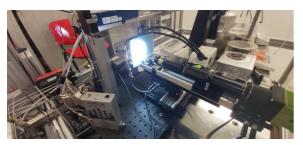


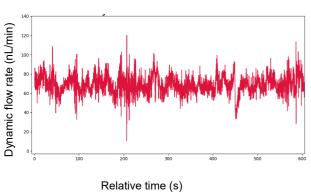
Image2 (t2)

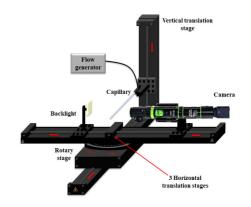
 $Q_{volumetric} = \pi \frac{d^2}{4} \cdot v = \pi \frac{d^2}{4} \cdot \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t}$

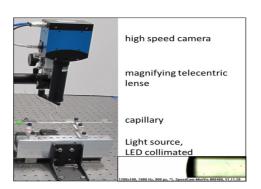
The relative expanded (k=2) uncertainty is between 10 % and 1 % for flow rates of 1 nL/min to 16 µL/min.

Interface tracking standard













Displacement methods - piston prover







RI. SE

/ Motor Encoder Signal Linear Measuring system

This method can go down to 1.6 nL/min with 2 % (k=2) uncertainty.

Interferometer directly





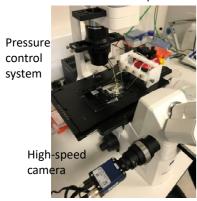
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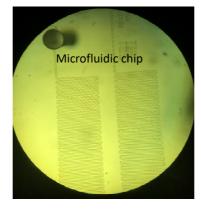
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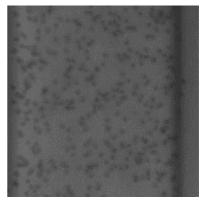
Micro-Particle Imaging Velocimetry (μ-PIV)

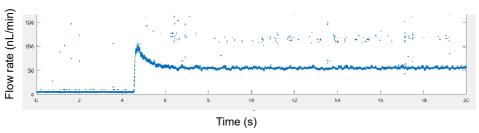










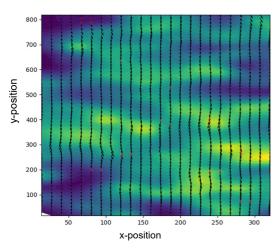




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Compact holographic µ-PIV

- neMESYS pump (Cetoni GmbH)
- LED light source wavelength 455 nm, power 549 mW
- Sample carrier custom made channel 25 x 0.6 x 0.1 mm
- Imaging Sensor optical area 6.413 x 4.589 mm, pixel size: 1.67 μm, frame rate: 3.2 fps

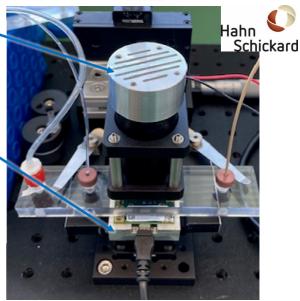


Instantaneous velocity profile at 50 nL/min

Colour scheme ranges from 56.3 nL/min (brightest) to 45.8 nL/min (darkest)









Further info on ultra-low flow rate techniques:

- Comprehensive report on the new calibration methods for steady and dynamic flow rates:
 - "Calibration methods for measuring the response or delay time of drug delivery devices using Newtonian liquids for flow rates from 5 nL/min to 100 nL/min"
 - 78-page report provides detailed information on each technique and the uncertainty calculations
 - report freely available on the MeDD II website for download
 - www.drugmetrology.com/the-first-deliverable-of-project-medd-ii-is-now-available/
- Online Workshop on Microflow Calibration Methods (Nov 2020)
 - Presentations available at:

https://drugmetrology.com/on-line-workshop-on-microflow-calibration-methods/



Validation of ultra-low flow rate techniques

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Intercomparison exercise using 3 transfer standards



Sensirion thermal flow meter SLG64-0075

• 1.5 μL/min to 20 nL/min



Cetoni Nemesys Pump

- 100 μL & 10 μL glass syringes
- 100 to 5 nL/min



Bronkhorst thermal flow meter L01-20D

• 1.5 μL/min to 20 nL/min





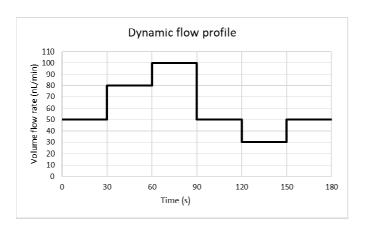


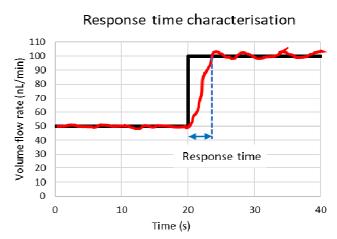
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Static & dynamic flow testing







| Flow meter / generator | Static testing | Dynamic testing | Response time characterization | | | | |
|------------------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| SLG64-0075 | | | | | | | |
| L01-20D | | | | | | | |
| Cetoni syringe pump | | | | | | | |

Validation of new techniques



• Intercomparison exercise using 3 transfer standards

Bronkhorst High-Tech, L01-20D, 2 weeks
Sensirion AG, thermal SLG64-0075, 2 weeks
Cetoni, NemeSys syringe pump, 2 weeks
Shipping period (not drawn in schedule), 1 week

| Week | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 |
|---------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| METAS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| IPQ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CETIAT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| STRATH | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| THL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| HSG-MIT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | i |
| RISE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DTI | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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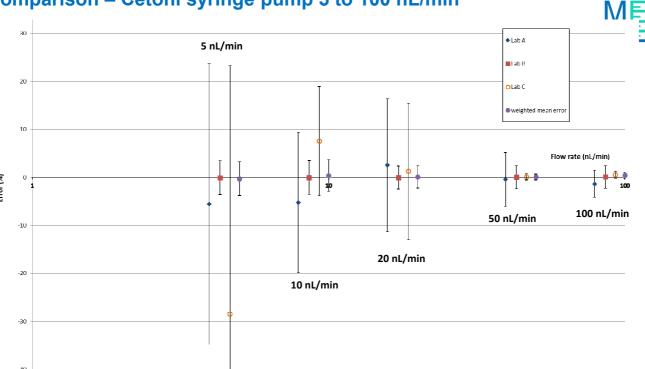




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Comparison – Cetoni syringe pump 5 to 100 nL/min

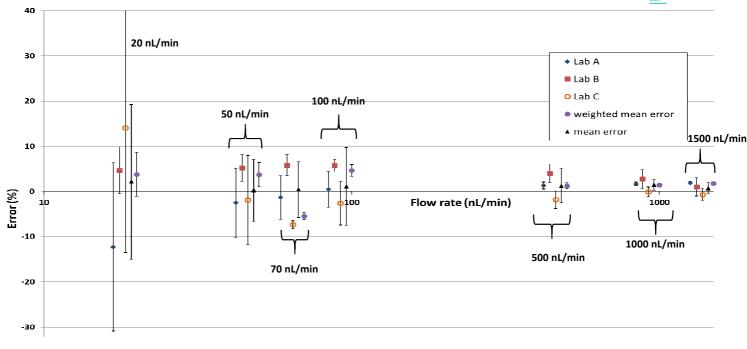






Comparison – Sensirion thermal flow meter 20 to 1500 nL/min





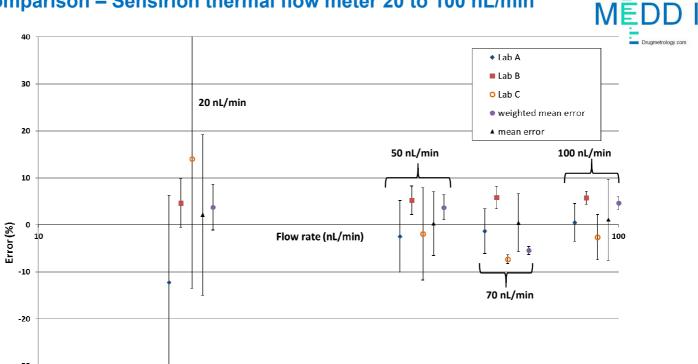




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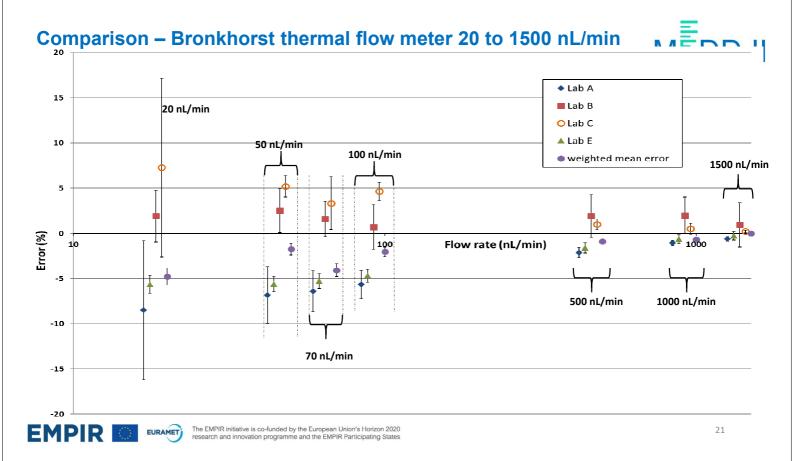
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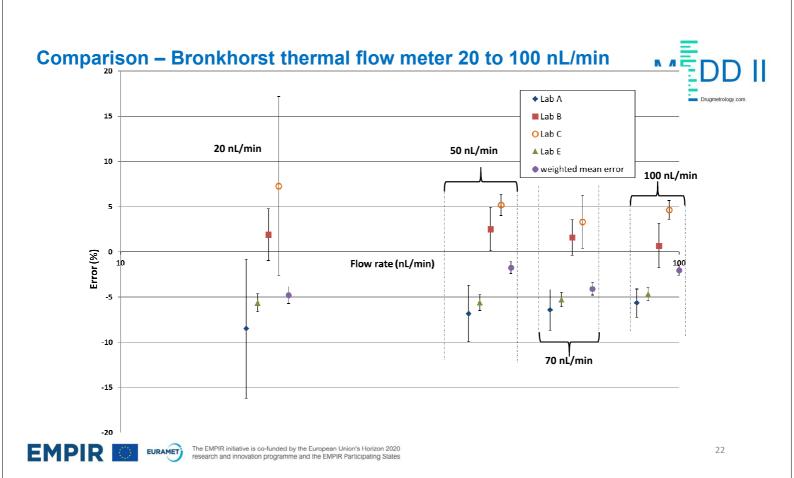
Comparison - Sensirion thermal flow meter 20 to 100 nL/min









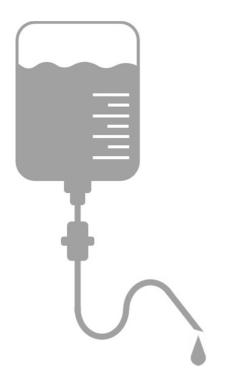


Summary



- 8 organisations developed techniques to measure flow rates below 100 nL/min
 - Gravimetric
 - · Optical pendant drop
 - Interface tracking
 - Displacement
 - Micro-PIV
- Techniques validated in intercomparison exercise using 3 transfer standards
 - 2 thermal flow meters
 - 1 syringe pump
- · Results currently being collected and analysed
- 1st draft of results in Nov 2021

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THANK YOU

